upon by the presiding officer unless the subject matter of the motion is beyond his or her authority, in which event the matter shall be referred to the Commission. If the proceeding is not before the presiding officer, motions shall be designated as "petitions" and shall be addressed to and passed upon by the Commission.

- (b) Motions shall be in writing, except that a motion made at a hearing shall be sufficient if stated orally upon the record, unless the presiding officer directs that it be reduced to writing.
- (c) All written motions shall state clearly and concisely the purpose of and the relief sought by the motion, the statutory or principal authority relied upon, and the facts claimed to constitute the grounds requiring the relief requested; and shall conform with the requirements of subpart H of this part.
- (d) Oral argument upon a written motion may be permitted at the discretion of the presiding officer or the Commission, as the case may be.
- (e) A repetitious motion will not be entertained. [Rule 73.]

§ 502.74 Replies to pleadings, motions, applications, etc.

- (a)(1) Except as provided under subpart V of this part, a reply to a reply is not permitted.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided respecting answers (§502.64), shortened procedure (subpart K of this part), briefs (§502.221), exceptions (§502.227), replies to petitions for attorney fees under the Equal Access to Justice Act (§502.503(b)(1)), and the documents specified in paragraph (b) of this section, any party may file and serve a reply to any written motion, pleading, petition, application, etc., permitted under this part within fifteen (15) days after the date of service thereof, unless a shorter period is fixed under §502.103.
- (b) When time permits, replies also may be filed to applications for enlargement of time and postponement of hearing (subpart G of this part), and motions to take depositions (§ 502.201).
- (c) Replies shall be in writing, shall be verified if verification of original pleading is required, shall be so drawn as to fully and completely advise the parties and the Commission as to the nature of the defense, shall admit or

deny specifically and in detail each material allegation of the pleading answered, shall state clearly and concisely the facts and matters of law relied upon, and shall conform to the requirements of subpart H of this part. [Rule 74.]

[49 FR 44369, Nov. 6, 1984, as amended at 52 FR 28264, July 29, 1987; 61 FR 66617, Dec. 18, 1996]

§ 502.75 Proceedings involving assessment agreements.

- (a) In complaint proceedings involving assessment agreements filed under section 5(e) of the Shipping Act of 1984, the Notice of Filing of Complaint and Assignment will specify a date before which the initial decision will be issued, which date will not be more than eight months from the date the complaint was filed.
- (b) Any party to a proceeding conducted under this section who desires to utilize the prehearing discovery procedures provided by subpart L of this part shall commence doing so at the time it files its initial pleading, i.e., complaint, answer or petition for leave to intervene. Discovery matters accompanying complaints shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commission for service pursuant to §502.113. Answers or objections to discovery requests shall be subject to the normal provisions set forth in subpart L.
- (c) Exceptions to the decision of the presiding officer, filed pursuant to \$502.227, shall be filed and served no later than fifteen (15) days after date of service of the initial decision. Replies thereto shall be filed and served no later than fifteen (15) days after date of service of exceptions. In the absence of exceptions, the decision of the presiding officer shall be final within thirty (30) days from the date of service, unless within that period, a determination to review is made in accordance with the procedures outlined in \$502.227. [Rule 75.]

[49 FR 44369, Nov. 6, 1984, as amended at 64 FR 7808, Feb. 17, 1999]

§ 502.76 Brief of an amicus curiae.

(a) A brief of an amicus curiae may be filed only by leave of the Commission or the presiding officer granted on motion with notice to the parties, or at

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the request of the Commission or the presiding officer, except that leave shall not be required when the brief is presented by the United States or any agency or officer of the United States. The brief may be conditionally filed with the motion for leave. A brief of an amicus curiae shall be limited to questions of law or policy.

- (b) A motion for leave to file an amicus brief shall identify the interest of the applicant and shall state the reasons why such a brief is desirable.
- (c) Except as otherwise permitted by the Commission or the presiding officer, an amicus curiae shall file its brief within the time allowed the party whose position as to affirmance or reversal the amicus brief will support. The Commission or the presiding officer shall grant leave for a later filing only for cause shown, in which event the period within which an opposing party may answer shall be specified.
- (d) A motion of an amicus curiae to participate in oral argument will be granted only in accordance with the requirements of §502.241. [Rule 76.]

[52 FR 4143, Feb. 10, 1987]

EXHIBIT NO. 1 TO SUBPART E [§ 502.62] OF PART 502—COMPLAINT FORM AND INFORMATION CHECKLIST

Before the Federal Maritime Commission

Complaint

v. [Insert without abbreviation exact and complete name of party or parties respondent]

- I. The complainant is [State in this paragraph whether complainant is an association, a corporation, firm, or partnership and the names of the individuals composing the same. State also the nature and principal place of business].
- II. The respondent is [State in this paragraph whether respondent is an association, a corporation, firm, or partnership and the names of the individuals composing the same. State also the nature and principal place of business].
- III. Allegation of jurisdiction. [State in this paragraph a synopsis of the statutory bases for claim(s)].
- IV. That [State in this or subsequent paragraphs to be lettered "A", "B", etc., the matter or matters complained of. If rates are involved, name each rate, fare, charge, classification, regulation, or practice, the lawfulness of which is challenged].

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V. That by reason of the facts stated in the foregoing paragraphs, complainant has been (and is being) subject to injury as a direct result of the violations by respondent of sections ____ [State in this paragraph the causal connection between the alleged illegal acts of respondent and the claimed injury to complainant, with all necessary statutory sections relied upon].

VI. That complainant has been injured in the following manner: To its damage in the

sum of \$

VII. Wherefore complainant prays that respondent be required to answer the charges herein; that after due hearing, an order be made commanding said respondent (and each of them): to cease and desist from the aforesaid violations of said act(s): to establish and put in force such practices as the Commission determines to be lawful and reasonable; to pay to said complainant by way of reparations for the unlawful conduct hereinabove described the sum of \$, with interest and attorney's fees or such other sum as the Commission may determine to be proper as an award of reparation; and that such other and further order or orders be made as the Commission determines to be proper in the premises.

	, this
day or	, 19
[Complainant	s signature]
[Office and pos	st office address]
[Signature or ant]	agent or attorney of complain-
[Post office ac	ldress]
VERI	FICATION [SEE §502.112]
State of	, County of, ss:,
	being first duly sworn es and says that he (she) is

[The complainant, or, if a firm, association, or corporation, state the capacity of the affiant]

and is the person who signed the foregoing complaint; that he (she) has read the complaint and that the facts stated therein, upon information received from others, affiant believes to be true.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a notary public in and for the State of _____, County of _____ this ____ day ____, A.D. 19—.

[Seal] _____ (Notary Public)

Federal Maritime Commission

My Commission expires _____

Information To Assist in Filing Formal Complaint

General

Formal Docket Complaint procedures usually involve an evidentiary hearing on disputed facts. Where no evidentiary hearing on disputed facts is necessary and where all parties agree to the use of different procedures, a complaint may be processed under subpart K [Shortened Procedure] or subpart S [Informal Docket for a claim of \$10,000 or less]. An application for refund or waiver of collection of freight charges due to tariff error should be filed pursuant to §502.92 and Exhibit No. 1 to subpart F. Consider also the feasibilty of filing a Petition for Declaratory Order under §502.68.

Under the Shipping Act of 1984 [foreign commerce], the complaint must be filed within three (3) years from the time the cause of action accrues and may be brought against any person alleged to have violated the 1984 Act to the injury of complainant.

Because of the limitation periods, a complaint is deemed to be filed only when it is physically received at the Commission. [See §502.114]

The format of exhibit No. 1 to subpart E must be followed and a verification must be included. (See §\$502.21-502.32, 502.62 and 502.112.) The complaint must also fully describe the alleged violations of the specific section(s) of the shipping statute(s) involved and how complainant is or was directly injured as a result. An original and fifteen copies, plus a further number of copies sufficient for service upon each named respondent must be filed and the Commission will serve the other parties. [See §\$502.113 and 502.118]

In addition to subpart E, some other important rules are: §502.2 (mailing address; hours); §502.7 (documents in foreign language); §502.23 (Notice of Appearance); §502.41 (parties; how designated); §502.44 (necessary and proper parties to certain complaint proceedings); and subpart H (form, execution and service of documents).

Checklist of Specific Information

The following checklist sets forth items of information which are pertinent in cases submitted to the Commission pursuant to the regulatory provisions of the shipping statutes. The list is not intended to be inclusive, nor does it indicate all of the essential allegations which may be material in specific cases.

1. Identity of complainant; if an individual, complainant's residence; if a partnership, name of partners, business and principal place thereof; if a corporation, name, state of incorporation, and principal place of business. The same information with respect to

respondents, intervenors, or others who become parties is necessary.

- 2. Description of commodity involved, with port of origin, destination port, weight, consignor and consignee of shipment(s), date shipped from loading port, and date received at discharge port.
- 3. Rate charged, with tariff authority for same, and any rule or regulation applicable thereto; the charges collected and from whom.
- 4. Route of shipment, including any transshipment; bill of lading reference.
- 5. Date of delivery or tender of delivery of each shipment.
- 6. Where the rate is challenged and comparisons are made with rates on other commodities, the form, packing, density, susceptibility to damage, tendency to contaminate other freight, value, volume of movement, competitive situation, and all matters relating to the cost of loading, unloading, and otherwise handling of respective commodities
- 7. If comparisons are made between the challenged rates and rates on other routes, the allegation showing similarity of service should include at least respective distances, volumes of movement, cost of handling, and competitive conditions.
- 8. History of rate with reasons for previous increases or decreases of same.
- 9. When the complaint alleges undue prejudice or preference, the complaint should indicate what manner of undue prejudice or preference is involved, and whether to a particular person, locality, or description of traffic; how the preference or discrimination resulted and the manner in which the respondents are responsible for the same; and how complainant is damaged by the prejudice or preference, in loss of sales or otherwise.
- 10. Care should be exercised to differentiate between the measure of damages required in cases where prejudice or preference is charged, where the illegality of rates is charged and other situations.
- 11. Where a filed agreement or conduct under the agreement is challenged, all necessary provisions of the shipping statute involved must be specifically cited, showing in detail how a section was violated and how the conduct or agreement injures complainant. The complaint should be thorough and clear as to all relief complainant is requesting

[49 FR 44369, Nov. 6, 1984; 49 FR 47394, Dec. 4, 1984, as amended at 55 FR 28400, July 11, 1990; 64 FR 7808, Feb. 17, 1999]

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EXHIBIT NO. 2 TO SUBPART E [§ 502.64] OF PART 502—ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

Before the Federal Maritime Commission

Answer		
v		
[Name of respondent]		
Ву		
[Title of Officer]		
[Office and post office address]		
[Signature of attorney or agent]		
[Post office address] Date, 19		
VERIFICATION		
[See form for verification of complaint in Exhibit No. 1 to this subpart and §502.112.]		
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
[See § 502.114.]		
EXHIBIT NO. 3 TO SUBPART E [§ 502.72] OF PART 502—PETITION FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE		
Before the Federal Maritime Commission		
Petition for Leave To Intervene		
v. Docket No		
Your petitioner, respectfully rep-		

resents that he (she) has an interest in the matters in controversy in the above-entitled

proceeding and desires to intervene in and

become a party to said proceeding, and for

I. That petitioner is [State whether an as-

II. [Here set out specifically position and interest of petitioner in the above-entitled

sociation, corporation, firm, or partnership, etc., as in Exhibit No. 1 to this subpart, and

grounds of the proposed intervention says:

nature and principal place of business].

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proceeding and other essential averments in accordance with Rule 72 (46 CFR 502.72).]

Wherefore said requests leave to intervene and be treated as a party hereto with the right to have notice of and appear at the taking of testimony, produce and cross-examine witnesses, and be heard in person or by counsel upon brief and at the oral argument, if oral argument is granted.

[If affirmative relief is sought, insert appropriate request here.]

Dated atday of	, this , 19	
Petitioner's signature]		

[Office and post office address]

[Signature of agent or attorney of petitioner] $\label{eq:signature}$

[Post office address]

VERIFICATION AND CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE [See Exhibits Nos. 1 and 2 to this subpart.]

Subpart F—Settlement; Prehearing Procedure

§ 502.91 Opportunity for informal settlement.

- (a) Parties are encouraged to make use of all the procedures of this part which are designed to simplify or avoid formal litigation, and to assist the parties in reaching settlements whenever it appears that a particular procedure would be helpful.
- (b) Where time, the nature of the proceeding, and the public interest permit, all interested parties shall have the opportunity for the submission and consideration of facts, argument, offers of settlement, or proposal of adjustment, without prejudice to the rights of the parties.
- (c) No stipulation, offer, or proposal shall be admissible in evidence over the objection of any party in any hearing on the matter. [Rule 91.]
- (d) As soon as practicable after the commencement of any proceeding, the presiding judge shall direct the parties or their representatives to consider the use of alternative dispute resolution, including but not limited to mediation,